

JUN 26 1916

# The Omineca Miner

VOL. V, NO. 42

HAZELTON, B. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1916

PRICE \$2.00 A YEAR

## LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHS

Items Of General Interest From Hazelton and Surrounding District

F. M. Dockrill was a visitor here on Tuesday.

Forester Allen left for Ootsa Lake on Monday.

J. A. Campbell came up from Pacific yesterday.

F. A. Brewer left on Tuesday for a visit to Seattle.

Bishop DuVernet arrived from the coast on Wednesday.

H. H. Little is visiting the Bulkley Valley this week.

M. Louis, of Calgary, is here to look over the mining field.

Martin Cain returned on Monday from a prolonged visit to the coast.

M. T. Watt and H. D. Cameron came down from the Chicago on Monday.

G. A. McAlpine returned on Wednesday from a visit to the Chicago group.

S. J. Keates and R. N. Black, of San Francisco, were among yesterday's arrivals.

W. J. Guiney, who has been invalided home from the war, was in town yesterday.

Stuart Martin, the assayer, has remodeled his premises and is again ready for business.

Ed. McLaren, who has not been in Hazelton for four years, revisited the town this week.

Last night's dance, in aid of the public school fund, was a successful and enjoyable affair.

J. Chilvers, of Ninth Cabin, came in on Sunday and left on Monday for a vacation trip east.

Road Superintendent Carr returned yesterday from a visit to the new bridge on the Telkwa river.

Miss McDonald, of Prince Rupert, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Kirby, returned home on Tuesday.

District Treasurer Hoskins has remitted \$800 to the Patriotic Fund, making a total of \$3500 since Jan 1.

Mrs. J. E. Gilmore arrived from Prince Rupert on Monday to join her husband, who is manager of the Hazelton Hotel.

After an enjoyable visit, Messrs. Trorey, Berg, Shaw and Erskine Smith, of the Hazelton View, returned to the coast on Tuesday.

Mrs. P. Slavin, who was a patient in the Hospital for some weeks, has recovered, and left on Monday for her home near Houston.

C. L. Cullin, inspector of pre-emptions, arrived from Victoria on Saturday and left on Monday for a trip through the Bulkley Valley.

Michel Lauzon, a well-known settler near Gitwangak, returned home the other day to find that

## GREAT RUSSIAN DRIVE CONTINUES

### CZAR'S TROOPS TAKE MANY PRISONERS--

### FRENCH MAKE GAIN IN VERDUN REGION

Petrograd: Today's official statement announces the capture of an additional hundred officers and 14,000 men on the Austrian front. Russian successes in the great offensive along the Galician and Volhynian fronts are continuous.

Paris: Powerful German attacks last night on the French position southeast of Thiaumont farm, on the Verdun front, broke down under the fire of French infantry and machine guns. The official statement says the Germans began their assault at six in the evening on the right bank of the Meuse, from Hill 321 to

Hill 320. At the same time another attack was delivered at the southern edge of Caillette wood. Both attacks were repulsed. On the left bank of the Meuse, after artillery preparation, our troops, in the course of a spirited attack, captured a German trench on the slopes north of Mort Homme. There remained in our hands 180 prisoners, including three officers. There was intense artillery activity in the region of Chattanooga and at Hill 304.

Except for the usual artillery activity, there is nothing to report on the front occupied by the Belgian army.

Athens: It is reported here today that the Bulgarians are withdrawing a majority of their forces from before Saloniki to the Roumanian frontier.

Rome: Austro-Hungarian forces, estimated to number 18,000, attacked in dense formation the Italian positions on Asiago plateau yesterday, but were repulsed, leaving piles of dead before the Italian trenches.

London: The British column which is advancing along the seaboard into German East Africa has occupied several more towns.

## PROGRESS CLUB ROOM IS OPEN

Hazelton Progress Club has secured quarters in the Acme building, renting a part of the ground floor from J. F. Maguire, who is opening the other half of the premises as a mining supply depot and general agency. The building, which has been renovated, will furnish ample accommodation for present needs.

The information bureau will be inaugurated at once and it is intended to make the club room headquarters for mining men.

In order that a comprehensive display of ores may be shown, it is requested that mining men and prospectors bring samples of their minerals to the club. All samples will be available for exhibition at Hazelton fair in September.

### Nelson-Corfield

W. R. Nelson, a well known Ootsa Lake rancher, and Miss Louisa Corfield, of Penycwm, Mid Wales, were quietly married at St. Peter's Church on Thursday. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Field. The bride and groom left yesterday for Ootsa Lake.

Committees are busy making arrangements for Hazelton fair, and it is expected that the prize list will be announced shortly. H. E. Walker, provincial agriculturist, was here this week, conferring with the directors.

Atlin, June 15:—A disastrous fire today destroyed the greater part of the business section of Atlin. The government buildings, telegraph office, and new White Pass Hotel were saved. The damage is as great as that caused by the fire of 1914.

### Coming Events

June 19—Mass Meeting, in Assembly Hall, 8:30 p.m.

July 1—Annual General Picnic, in aid of Red Cross, in Hospital Park.

## AMONG THE MINING MEN

News Of Development From Various Properties in Hazelton District

Development work on the Debuture group will be under way in the course of a few days. Thos. H. Rea, the Chicago mining operator who took the property over last October, arrived on Wednesday and at once made arrangements to begin work. D. B. Morkill has been engaged to conduct the survey of the claims and crown grants will be procured at once.

Yesterday Henry Bretzins left with a small gang, to clear out the trail, and before the end of next week the packtrains will be transporting supplies to the camp. A tunnel, 800 feet or more in length, is to be driven.

The five claims have been taken over by the Debuture Creek Mines, Ltd., a recently-incorporated company, composed of Chicago capitalists. The treasury stock has been absorbed and there are no shares on the market.

Mr. Rea is managing director and H. E. A. Courtney is resident director for B.C., with the registered office in Victoria. Four of the claims comprising the group were located by Henry Bretzins, of Hazelton, whose discovery of this fine prospect attracted considerable attention. Preliminary work has shown up a large quantity of high-grade silver-lead ore, and the aggressive policy of the new operators should result in the early addition of another shipping mine to the list.

Mr. Rea will make Hazelton his headquarters.

An important strike is reported from the Daly West, near New Hazelton, George Jennings having found a nice body of copper ore, of shipping grade, only thirty feet from the surface, in the working tunnel started a few days ago.

F. J. Whitcroft, a mining operator, and E. C. Annes, a geologist connected with Alberta university, are here from Edmonton to look over the Hazelton mineral district.

The new working tunnel on the Silver Standard, which will tap the main vein on the 250-foot level, with still greater depth on the other veins, is making good progress. It will be 900 feet long. Five tons of ore are being shipped every day to Trail smelter. Six cars of zinc ore have been sent to Oklahoma.

Duke Harris has a crew engaged in building a permanent camp on the Hazelton View.

A survey of the Delta, Chicago and Extension groups, on the railroad side of Rochede Boule mountain, and within a short distance of Hazelton, will be conducted by B. C. Affleck.

Frank Martin and Emil Gallon leave today for Hudson Bay mountain, to prepare for the season's work on the Lakeview group.

## Need New Leaders

Vancouver: Joe Martin, former premier of B. C., and a life-long Liberal, says that from a legal point of view Brewster's writ against the provincial administration is absolutely ridiculous. Further, he declares the Liberals of B. C. will never get anywhere until they get rid of the element which is in control.

Paris: The war office estimates that the Germans have lost 780,000 men dead, wounded and captured in their hitherto fruitless efforts to take Verdun.

# The Omineca Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY AT HAZELTON, THE CENTER OF THE GREAT OMINECA DISTRICT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A. R. Macdonald, Publisher and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Canada and British Possessions, Two Dollars a year; Foreign, Three Dollars a year.

ADVERTISING RATES: Display, \$2.50 per inch per month; Reading Notices, 20 cents per line for each insertion. Legal notices inserted at B. C. Gazette rates.

VOL. V. SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1916. No. 42

Those who hope for the subjugation of Germany by economic means may well consider the conclusion arrived at by David Lloyd George, Britain's most prominent statesman, who believes that only a crushing military victory over the Teutons will bring the war to a satisfactory conclusion. In an interview the other day Lloyd George said:

"No nation has reached the heights of the moral grandeur of France during the war. I set her up as England's constant model. Her soldiers and generals show qualities of endurance, courage and military skill worthy of the highest deeds of Napoleon's army."

"We are now too close properly to judge the immortal pages written by France in the book of history, but historians of the future will write of the splendid deeds of her sons in letters of gold."

"At the name of Verdun, I bow before such proofs of super-human courage. The French army met a shock, backed by the most barbarous methods, such as no army ever had to meet. It will be one of the most decisive battles of the war, because it represents the enemy's supreme military effort."

"Its lesson for the Allies is that heavy artillery and the most violent explosives will play the preponderating role in the battles to come. We will profit thereby, for it comes at a moment when the fabrication of munitions increases prodigiously and the Allied strength daily augments."

"I have never despaired of victory. The task will be hard, but the end is sure. It is Germany's military force that we must beat. It is not enough to force her to submission by economic pressure. A peace imposed on Germany, exhausted in food and materials only, would not be durable. It would be a moral defeat for the Allies. The Germans could say they had beaten us in battle and made peace only because we had starved their women and children. That peace we do not want. Only a crushing military victory will bring the peace for which the Allies are fighting, and of which Germany will understand the meaning. That victory we shall have; it will be complete and final."

## SOLDIERS' AID FUND

Many letters from Hazelton men at the front have been received by the Soldiers' Aid Committee. The boys are all appreciative of the work the Hazelton people are doing through the committee, and their communications show that they are proud of the town they hail from. Their requirements are invariably of the most modest character and the committee has so far experienced no difficulty in supplying them, although further subscriptions will be welcomed by R. E. Allen, the secretary.

Late casualties amongst local men include George McKay, slightly wounded; "Spot" Middleton, in hospital with a poisoned

foot; Gerard Gore, sick in hospital, and Percy Frost, wounded in left thigh.

Percy was engaged with two platoons, of which only two men were unwounded after the battle. Jack Frost, whose good work as stretcher-bearer was spoken of by others, is returning here, having been discharged on account of his wounds.

Treasurer Allen reports the following contributions to the Soldiers' Aid:

Dr. Ardagh	\$ 4.10
R. E. Allen	3.00
Mrs. R. E. Allen	1.00
F. B. Chettleburgh	1.00
Friend	.25
Emil Galon	1.75
H. F. Glassey	2.00

Miss A. Grant	1.00
Fred Griffin	5.00
Hazelton Rifle Ass'n	27.70
S. H. Hoskins	1.00
H. Kemp	2.00
J. E. Kirby	6.25
James Latham	1.00
H. H. Little	6.00
Stuart Martin	1.00
A. C. Minty	1.00
R. G. Moseley	1.00
A. R. Macdonald	9.00
James MacKay	1.00
T. McCubbin	5.00
J. Naylor	3.00
J. O'Shea	3.00
A. E. Player	4.50
J. C. K. Sealy	2.00
G. W. Smith	2.00
Jas. Swann	1.00
Wm. Ware	5.75
F. E. Willett	2.00
Dr. H. C. Wrinch	7.00

Total \$111.30

Winnipeg: The final vote on Church Union in the Presbyterian general assembly stood at 406 for and 88 against.

The Miner is two dollars a year.



## Proclamation

The Provincial Forest Board, by and with the authority conveyed by Section 109 of the Forest Act, does hereby order and proclaim that the following described lands shall be exempt from the provisions of Section 103 of the said Act, and settlers may accordingly set out fires upon the said lands without first obtaining a permit therefor from a fire warden:—

Commencing at the east end of Francois Lake, Coast, Range 4, thence southeasterly to the headwaters of the Nithi River; thence southwesterly to the forks of the Nechaco River, being the junction of the streams draining Cheslatta and Ootsa Lakes; thence following the outlet of Ootsa Lake to the 125th meridian; thence south along the 125th meridian to the 53rd parallel of latitude; thence west to the 127th meridian; thence north to the divide between Eutsul and Ootsa Lakes on the one side, and streams flowing into Dean Channel and Gardner Canal on the other side, being the summit of the Cascade Range; thence following this divide northwest, north and northeast to the 54th parallel; thence easterly so as to include all the watershed of Francois Lake to the 125th meridian; thence south to the north shore of Francois Lake; thence following the north shore to point of commencement.

This area may be more generally described as including all lands whose drainage flows into Eutsul, Ootsa, Cheslatta and Francois Lakes.

The above order does not relieve any person who may set out fires on his property during the months of May, June, July, August and September from any of the other provisions of the Forest Act, and is liable under Section 127 of the Forest Act for all expenses incurred by the Department or by another, in controlling and extinguishing said fire should it spread beyond the boundaries of said property or should it threaten to do so.

The attention of settlers in the Districts covered by this order is directed to the fact that weather conditions extremely favorable to the spread of fire may possibly occur in July and August, and if fires escape control during such periods the whole of the region may be devastated. Sparks and burning embers will easily carry hundreds of yards during such fires and no buildings within a quarter of a mile of bush land can be considered safe from fire. Every settler should, therefore, see that his neighbor, as well as himself, takes the precautions necessary to prevent the spread of fire.

M. A. GRAINGER,  
Acting Chairman of the  
Provincial Forest Board.  
May 27, 1916.

# HAZELTON

The Distributing Point  
for the Great Northern  
Interior

Prospectors, Miners, Landseekers, Surveyors and Sportsmen will find the merchants of Hazelton prepared to meet every requirement in outfit and supplies. Having been engaged for many years in outfitting parties for the Northern Interior, Hazelton business men are qualified to give valuable advice and assistance to newcomers.

Hazelton is situated at the confluence of the Bulkley and Skeena rivers; a mile and a quarter from Hazelton station on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway. Enquiries may be addressed to

The  
Omineca Miner

Hazelton, B. C.

## A MASS MEETING

Will Be Held in ASSEMBLY HALL  
HAZELTON, B. C.

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 19

At 8:30 P. M.

Hon. W. J. BOWSER,

Hon. W. R. ROSS, Hon. Wm. MANSON, F. M. DOCKRILL  
and Others will Speak Upon the Issues of the Campaign.

OPPOSITION SPEAKERS INVITED.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES.



## The World's Doings in Brief

News Notes from Many Sources

Roosevelt is reported seriously ill.

The Italian cabinet has resigned.

Roosevelt declares he is out of politics.

Woman suffrage was defeated in Iowa.

Japan is augmenting her troops in China.

The P. G. E. will resume construction.

Britain has prohibited exports of coal to Greece.

The forest revenue of B.C. for May was \$189,000.

Progressive Republicans refuse to support Hughes.

New South Wales will tax all war profits fifty per cent.

The 102nd Battalion left Vancouver for England on Saturday.

The Republicans have nominated Justice Hughes for president.

The Vatican has placed a ban on dancing at Catholic entertainments.

It is proposed to arbitrate the differences between the U.S. and Mexico.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught will reach Vancouver on June 20.

The German admiralty claims that in May 56 Entente vessels were sunk.

There is a continued increase in the lumber business on the B.C. coast.

Over a thousand mines have been washed ashore on the coast of Holland.

Numerous anti-American demonstrations in Northern Mexico are reported.

A relief ship, with \$250,000 worth of food for Belgium, has left Montreal.

Canada is expected to furnish a large number of recruits for the British navy.

The British government is taking an inventory of all foodstuffs in the United Kingdom.

In the war Britain has lost 26,804 officers, of whom 8100 were killed or died of wounds.

Britain is sending conscientious objectors to the front to dig trenches, but not to fight.

Sir George Foster will attend the Allies' conference in Paris as the representative of Canada.

Juneau, Haines and Douglas City voted wet, while Skagway went dry by a small majority.

President Wilson led a preparedness parade of 75,000 persons in Washington on Thursday.

In land fighting it is estimated the Germans have lost 3,000,000 men, of whom 750,000 have been killed.

It is officially announced that the cruiser Hampshire, on which Lord Kitchener was lost, was sunk by striking a mine.

Russian authorities declared yesterday that the Austrian armies had been reduced to one half their original strength.

As a result of the visit to London of Premier Briand, General Joffre and General Roques,

French minister of war, an agreement has been reached on the strategy of the war, covering all fronts.

The Democratic convention at St. Louis yesterday nominated President Wilson. Marshall was nominated for vice-President.

The barge Argus, laden with a cargo of Britannia mines ore, sank off the mouth of the Fraser. The two steersmen were rescued.

Lord Kitchener's brother, who, although 70 years of age, is serving as a colonel in Southwest Africa, is the heir to the earldom.

In the reichstag on Thursday Chancellor Hollweg stated that Germany's conquests placed her in readiness for a discussion of peace terms.

The admiralty has released many ships for commercial use, and freights from Canada to Great Britain are to be reduced thirty per cent.

Doctors from the Canadian front report that many wounded men left hospital without leave, in order to aid in the recent fierce battle at Zillebeke.

Vancouver and Victoria ratepayers on Wednesday voted for the closing of stores on Saturday afternoons, in preference to Wednesdays, by three to one.

A Pennsylvania railroad elevator was burned at Canton, near Baltimore, on Wednesday. From four to ten lives were lost, and forty persons were injured.

Moses Cotesworth has been committed for trial at Vancouver for mailing unstamped letters marked "O.H.M.S." relating to his daylight saving scheme.

A report from Namiquipa says Villa personally led a party of bandits which captured fourteen army trucks laden with supplies for the American expedition.

A feature of Lloyd George's plan for the conciliation of Ireland is an Imperial conference, to meet immediately after the war, to consider the future government of the Empire.

The coasting steamer Bear was wrecked near Cape Mendocino, Cal., on Wednesday night. Of 206 souls aboard, 131 have been saved, and it is hoped the majority of the others will reach land. One boatload is known to be lost.

Reports presented to the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Winnipeg showed that on the question of church union 76 presbyteries voted thus: For union, 53, against union, 13, ties, 2, irrelevant, 2, rejected, 1, no returns, 4.

The British army is to be supplied with British Columbia salmon instead of the Alaska product, and Ontario canned fruit will replace that from California. It is also proposed to use Canadian tinned meats instead of the Chicago article.

The establishment of a Home Rule parliament in Dublin is generally looked for. It is supposed Dublin Castle will be the home of the new legislature, which will be composed of the Irish members of the British parliament. A senate will be formed, partly nominated and partly elected.

John Redmond will probably be the first Irish premier.

The province has sold two million dollars worth of bonds under the \$10,000,000 loan act, the price received being slightly higher than that obtained several months ago. The bonds run ten years, and the interest will be 5.60 per cent.

U.S. internal receipts for the year ending June 30 will be over half a billion dollars, according to a report of Secretary McAdoo. Of this amount the taxes on whiskey, beer and tobacco constitutes over 60 per cent, or \$308,000,000.

### Canadian Mining Dividends

Twenty-one Canadian companies participated in the 1916 declarations to the extent of \$3,467,731, says the Mining World. A comparison with previous years shows that the 1915 disbursements by sixteen companies totalled \$2,673,968, and \$5,098,090 by nineteen companies during the first four months of 1913. Nipissing continues as Canada's premier dividend payer, with disbursements during the first four months of 1916 of \$600,000 and with total payments of \$14,040,000. Hollinger ranks second for the year, having declared regular four week dividends of \$120,000 each. It has enriched shareholders to the extent of \$4,670,000.

### Infusorial Earth

There is a large demand in the United Kingdom for infusorial earth, or diatomite. It is used in the arts for several purposes, especially in the manufacture of dynamite, the cleaning of metals and sugar refining. The Imperial Institute, South Kensington, London, S.W., is interesting itself in bringing samples of this earth



### Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations.

COAL mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5, which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior, N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58782.

under the notice of the British government and the trade generally and will examine any samples that may be sent to the above address. Samples have already been received from Australia.

The mineral is found in British Columbia in large quantities, and is, we are told, of excellent quality. Whether it so situated that it can be operated to advantage commercially at the present time is an open question.—Colonist.

STUART J. MARTIN

Provincial Assayer

Hazelton, B.C.

## THE ROYAL LUNCH

Gives the Best Meal For the Lowest Price

Opp. Police Office, Hazelton. LEE JACKMAN : : Prop.

## INSURANCE: Fire - Life - Sickness - Accident MINING SUPPLIES:

Cradock's Wire Cables, Pumps, Engines, Greases, Oils, Lamps, Incline Machinery, &c.

Enquiries and inspection of samples solicited

J. F. MAGUIRE Insurance, Manufacturers' and General Agent HAZELTON, B.C.

## DENTISTRY

Dr. BADGERO will be located in Hazelton, beginning May 17, 1916.

## Hudson's Bay Company

HAZELTON, B. C.

### WHOLESALE LIQUORS

Rum: H. B., per bot., 1.50; Negrita, per bot. .75  
Whiskies: Jameson's Irish per bot. \$ 1.50  
H. B. Special Scotch " " 1.75  
H. B. Scotch, F.O.H., Dewar's, King George, O.O., Johnny Walker, X.X.X., " " 1.50  
RYE: G. & W., Walker's, per bot. .75; Sagram's '83, Corby's, Canadian Club, 1.25  
Port: Old Duke, H.B., (War Tax 5 cents per bot.) 1.25  
Sherry: Bodega, Blue Label " " " " .75  
Gin: Gordon Dry, Sloe, Old Tom, Finsbury Dry, per bot., 1.25; Anchor Red (John du Kuyper) 1.50  
Brandy: 3 Star Hennessy, 2.25; 3 Star Marion, per bot. 1.00  
Ale: Barclay's, Pints, per doz., 2.00; Stout: Guinness's Bull Dog, pts., 3.00; Beer: Budweiser, qts., 5.00, Schlitz, 4.80, Phoenix 3.00

We cannot sell you less than 6 bottles or 2 gallons in bulk; but we can sell you 6 assorted bottles. The quality of our goods can be depended on. Note. Owing to the unsteadiness of Old Country shipping, imported liquors may advance without notice.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Lowest rates Prince Rupert to all Eastern Points via steamer to Vancouver and Canadian Pacific Railway. Meals and berth included on steamer

For VANCOUVER, VICTORIA and SEATTLE

S.S. "Princess Maquinna" leaves Prince Rupert every SUNDAY, at 6 p.m., S.S. "Princess Alice" or "Princess Sophia" leaves Prince Rupert June 17th, 24th, July 1st, 8th.

J. I. Peters, General Agent, 3rd Ave. & 4th St., Prince Rupert, B.C.

## Express, General Drayage and Freighting

LIVERY and STAGES We are prepared to supply private and public conveyances day and night. Our stages meet all trains at South Hazelton or New Hazelton.

BEST DRY BIRCH, \$5.50 A CORD

Consign your shipments in Our Care for Storage or Delivery. Address all communications to Hazelton.

Ruddy & MacKay HAZELTON and NEW HAZELTON



### RAILWAY and STEAMSHIP LINES.

Steamers sailing between Skagway, Juneau, Wrangell, Ketchikan, Anyox, Prince Rupert, Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, etc.

Leave Prince Rupert: for Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Monday and Saturday, at 10:00 A.M. For Anyox, Friday, at 10:00 A.M. For Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau, Skagway, Wednesday, at 12 noon.

Arrive Prince Rupert: from Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 A.M. From Anyox, Saturday, at 3:00 A.M. From Skagway, Juneau, Wrangell, Ketchikan, Monday, at 6:00 A.M.

Eastbound trains leave Hazelton: Passenger, Monday, Wednesday, Friday, at 6:08 P.M. Mixed Saturday, at 3:04 P.M. Wayfreight Wednesday, Saturday, at 12:45 P.M.

Westbound trains leave Hazelton: Passenger Tuesday, Friday and Sunday, at 10:28 A.M. Mixed Thursday, at 5:37 A.M. Wayfreight Tuesday, Saturday, at 11:15 A.M.

Connections made between Trains and Steamers.

For further information apply to any Grand Trunk Pacific Agent, or to G. A. McNicholl, Asst. Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent, Prince Rupert, B.C.

## THE MINER WAR BULLETINS

MONDAY, JUNE 12

London: Statements of officers and men relieved of duty in the front line show that the battle in which the Canadians were engaged on June 2-3 was the bloodiest—on both sides—fought on the British front since the battle of Loos. The Germans attacked in stronger force than supposed, using Verdun tactics on the Ypres salient.

There was, first, five hours of artillery fire from guns of every caliber, cross fire, as well as frontal, being directed against the salient angle held by the Canadians. There was no shelter, as the watery subsoil makes dug-outs impossible and the fire utterly leveled the trenches at many points. The British gunners answered the enemy with a curtain of fire.

The German infantry which survived the British fire rushed into the breaches after the bombardment ceased. They carried full packs, blankets, flasks of rum and coffee, flashlights, and full rations, in preparation for a big advance, for which their big guns had presumably blazed the way. The Canadians, however, unflinchingly stuck to the support trenches. Under a shower of shells from 8:30 in the morning to 11:30 at night, they checked the German advance. At one point the few surviving Canadians rushed out to face an overwhelming German charge and die. At another point, in a square pit in the earth, Col. Shaw and seventy Canadians, completely surrounded, fought hand-to-hand until two only were left. The Germans finally broke under the rifles of a battalion hidden in a maple copse, who held their fire until the charge developed a good target.

Petrograd: The Russian offensive in Volhynia and Galicia is daily assuming new phases and marking new ground won by Gen. Brusiloff's troops. The Russians are pushing westward from Lutsk, after crossing the Sty, the Austrians fighting rearguard actions as they retire. Heavy fighting is reported northeast of Tarnopol, where the enemy defence is stiffening.

The recapture by the Russians of Dubno, the second fortress of the Volhynian triangle, is reported. The number of Austrian prisoners taken in the offensive is 118,000, as well as enormous numbers of machine guns, cannon, ammunition and stores. The Austrians admit the withdrawal of their forces northwest of Bukowina.

London: The report that the battle cruiser Derfflinger was lost is reiterated in an Amsterdam despatch, which says the warship sank in the North Sea after the Jutland battle. Travelers from Germany to Amsterdam say the harbor at Hamburg is full of battered warships, including the Seydlitz, whose afterpart was torn away. Most of her crew was lost.

TUESDAY, JUNE 13

Petrograd: Russian troops yesterday approached the outskirts of Czernowitz, the capital of Bukowina. The official statement also says Russian forces have attacked the bridgehead at Zaleschyki. It is understood the Aus-

trians have evacuated Czernowitz.

The spectacular advance of the Czar's troops in Galicia and Volhynia apparently has not been checked, although few details of the campaign are permitted to come to light.

Vienna conceded the withdrawal of Austrian troops in northeastern Bukowina, where the advance of the Russians has brought them within 13 miles of Czernowitz.

London: The German attacks in the Verdun region have again swung to the east of the Meuse, following the attacks of Saturday night on the French positions at Hill 304. Last night the enemy charged the French trenches west of Fort Vaux, but gained no ground, says the report issued today by the French war office. At the same time the Germans bombarded positions near the forts of Souville and Tavennes, south of Fort Vaux. Should the enemy succeed in capturing Fort Souville they would open a breach which might compel the French to fall back on the inner defences of Verdun on the right bank of the river.

West of Soissons our artillery destroyed enemy works, bringing about an explosion within his lines.

London: British troops invading German East Africa from the north have captured Mombo, a town on the railroad in Usambara district, while another British force, operating from Rhodesia, has occupied the town of Bismarckburg.

Rome: Austro-Hungarian forces 12,000 strong, yesterday attacked in mass formation the Italian position at Lemirle, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The Italian offensive recently started between Adige and Jadig rivers and Brenta is making progress at several points.

Athens: The British minister to Greece, in the name of the Entente Powers, has presented to the Greek government demands constituting conditions upon which the blockade of Greek ports would be raised. As a result of the energetic measures adopted by the Allied governments, demobilization of the Greek army is already under way.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14

Paris: The battle for Verdun has broken out with unusual violence on the east bank of Meuse, after the lull which followed the capture of Fort Vaux. The Germans put the respite to good use. They brought up fresh effectives, reformed their lines, and advanced their artillery to positions from which they have begun a methodical pounding of the main French defences, particularly the powerful batteries of Tavennes and Fort Souville. At the same time the French advanced their line, which has been subjected to a series of fierce onslaughts on Thiaumont farm, the position on which the line pivots.

The Germans renewed the attack last night over the whole section of the Verdun front west of Thiaumont farm. They succeeded in entering some advance trenches at one point, but were repulsed elsewhere.

The French trenches penetrated by Germans are on the eastern slope of Hill 321, west of Thiaumont farm. West of the Meuse

there were no important actions during the night. Bombardment was heavy in the region of Chantancourt.

London: The Canadian troops, in a gallant and successful assault south of Zillebêke, recaptured the former British position over a front of 1500 yards. Notwithstanding a severe shelling by the enemy, the Canadians retain the recovered ground, which is being consolidated.

Petrograd: The Russians, advancing beyond Demidovna, are now threatening the investment of Lemberg. It is believed the Austrians will attempt to defend the city. Semi-official statements indicate that Lemberg is the main objective of the Russians, the taking of Czernowitz being of secondary importance. The third objective is the capture of Kovel, northwest of Lutsk.

London: From neutral Swiss, who have been intermediaries in the exchange of prisoners between Britain and Germany, it has been learned—though the information was given with great reserve—that it would not be surprising if Germany were to ask an armistice on all fronts within a few weeks.

Bucharest: The Bulgarian legation has received information that the Bulgarian-Romanian frontier will be temporarily closed against passengers and merchandise. It is believed Bulgaria has taken this step to mask important troop movements.

Paris: A despatch from Saloniki says Allied fleets are bombarding the southern coast of Bulgaria, from Port Lagos to Dedeagatch. The population is fleeing inland.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15

Petrograd: In their advance on Czernowitz, the Russians have occupied the village of Sniatyn, twenty miles northwest of the city. In addition to previous captures, our troops have taken 20 officers, 6000 men, six guns and ten machine guns. The Austro-German forces are retreating so rapidly along the Galician and Volhynian fronts that only a small number of prisoners have been captured as compared with the numbers previously taken.

General Brusiloff's operations on the flanks of the enemy are proceeding with wonderful rapidity. All efforts of German reinforcements to drive a counter-wedge at the wings of the Russian salient have proved ineffectual.

Paris: Fighting around Verdun has died down, from the sheer exhaustion of the combatants. An entire division, half of whom were Bavarians and half Pomeranians, were used by the Germans in twelve separate attempts on Monday to storm positions north of Thiaumont. At this point a French flanking force prevents the enemy from advancing on the Vaux plateau.

There was a violent artillery engagement last night in the vicinity of Vaux. There were no infantry attacks in this region.

The French carried a small German post near Venizel, east of Soissons.

A raid by French troops at Son-gern, in the Vosges, resulted in the capture of a number of Germans.

Berlin: The war office report

says a Russian offensive broke out yesterday again Von Hindenburg's forces at a point 75 miles north of Pinsk. The Russians made several successive attacks with masses of infantry. All were repulsed with heavy losses.

It is claimed that a German submarine sank the cruiser Hampshire.

Rome: Austrian attacks along the Posina line, in southern Tyrol, made after intensive artillery preparation, were everywhere repulsed by the Italians.

It is announced today that Austrian seaplanes raided Venice on Monday night. Their bombs killed one and injured four. Property damage was slight.

London: A despatch from Teheran says General Sykes, with a British column, has entered Kerman, the principal town of southeastern Persia.

FRI., JUNE

Petrograd: During the offensive now in progress, the Russians have captured one general, three commanders, 2467 officers and 150,000 men, with 163 cannon, 266 machine guns, 139 bomb-throwers, 32 mine throwers and enormous quantities of army munitions.

That many enemy units are completely disorganized is indicated by the fact that from June 6 to 11 our troops captured, on a comparatively insignificant sector 414 officers, 17,000 soldiers, 29 cannon, 34 machine guns, 26 caissons and much other booty.

The Austrians have been driven back another twenty miles and Prince Leopold's forces are now threatened.

According to advices received today, the Austrians are evacuating Lemberg. The immediate objective of the Russians is supposed to be the cutting of Austrian communications and the trapping of General von Pflanzer, defender of Czernowitz, whose forces are surrounded on three sides.

An unconfirmed report says Czernowitz has been occupied.

London: Food riots raged in Vienna all day Monday, according to despatches just received. Many of the rioters were women. Street fighting of great violence followed an attempt by the police to disperse the crowd.

A Geneva despatch says there is a revolt in Vienna and street fighting has occurred in Prague.

London: Canadians have recaptured a mile or more of British trenches from the Germans, and are today consolidating the recovered ground. Operations in the vicinity of Ypres have passed into a new and, for the British, a most satisfactory stage.

Paris: There have been no infantry attacks on either bank of the Meuse, but violent bombardment continues at Verdun.

German attacks in the Vosges failed.

Rome: The Austrians have been compelled to abandon all Italian territory occupied in their first rush.

London: It is reported that British super-dreadnoughts made an entrance into the Baltic during the Jutland naval battle.

It is understood the war secretaryship has been offered to Lloyd George, who is expected to accept.

In a public speech, Premier Asquith, after a touching refer-

ence to Kitchener's death, said "The truth is slowly leaking out about the North Sea battle. Its real extent has not been realized or appreciated. Our command of the seas is more firmly and unshakeably established."

Nikoping, Sweden: Thirteen German merchantmen, convoyed by warships, were attacked this morning by a Russian squadron. The convoy was dispersed and some are reported captured.

New York: Russia has closed a loan of \$60,000,000 at 6 1/2.

London: Fearing a revolution, King Constantine of Greece has left Athens for Larissa.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, up to 5 o'clock in the afternoon of June 27th, inst., for the purchase of any one or all of the following horses, viz.:

1. One Grey Gelding, named "TEDDY"; aged about 9 years; weight about 1500 lbs.
2. One Dark Brown Gelding, named "CHARLIE"; aged about 11 years; weight about 1300 lbs.
3. One Dapple Grey Gelding, named "PRINCE"; aged about 11 years; weight about 1300 lbs.

The horses may be viewed by intending purchasers upon application to Angus M. McLean, of Smithers, B.C.

Each tender must be enclosed in an envelope, securely sealed, and marked, "TENDER FOR HORSES," and must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for at least 25 per cent. of the amount set out in the tender.

The cheques of all unsuccessful tenders will be returned to them.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

TERMS—Cash on acceptance of tender.

STEPHEN H. HOSKINS,  
Government Agent.  
Hazelton, B. C., 12th June, 1916.

DALBY B. MORKILL

British Columbia Land Surveyor

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